Companies must bring this check list, the ROV, tether, s					
operation of the ROV. They will all be inspected as part					
provided to the Safety Inspectors during the inspection p					
1.0 Documentation					
Electrical schematics & power distribution					
diagrams					
Technical report					
Main fuse shown in electrical schematics?					
Pneumatics or hydraulics used?					
See item 4.0					
Lasers used?					
If YES, see attached Laser Safety Sheet.					
2.0 Physical					
All items attached to ROV are secure and will					
not fall off.					
Hazardous items are identified and protection					
provided.					
ALL Propellers are completely					
shrouded.					
No sharp edges or elements of ROV design that					
could cause injury to personnel or damage to					
pool surface.					
3.0 Electrical					
Single attachment point to power source.					
Anderson Power Plugs for electrical attachment					
40 amp single inline fuse or circuit breaker					
within 30cm of power supply attachment point.					
No power conversion before ROV.					
No exposed copper or bare wire.					
No exposed motors.					
Brushless motors are considered exposed unless					
electrically sealed after purchase.					
All wiring securely fastened and properly					
sealed*.					
Tether is properly secured at surface control					
point and at ROV.					
Any splices in tether are properly sealed*.					
Surface controls: All wiring and devices					
properly secured.					
Surface controls: All control elements are					
mounted with wiring inside an enclosure.					
*Properly sealed means that the wires cannot be					
exposed to water. Tape only sealing will allow the					
conduction of electricity through water.					

At minimum joints must be soldered, then sealed with silicone sealant and then finally taped. For in water taping, silicone self-vulcanizing tape is preferred over thermoplastic tape. Male to male connectors are not

allowed.

COMPANY NAME:

2015 MATE ROV COMPETITION SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY IN THE ARCTIC

EXPLORER CLASS SAFETY CHECK LIST
list, the ROV, tether, surface controls, and any other item used in the deployment and all be inspected as part of the safety check. In addition, documentation listed below must be

Pneumatic / Hydraulic (if using) Passed pneumatics/hydraulics test.
Pneumatic or hydraulic diagrams present?
Pneumatic and/or hydraulic component
documentation provided?
Hydraulic fluid MSDS (if used)
Fluid is compatible with the Biodegradable Food-
Grade specification. Teams using water do not
need to provide an MSDS.
All pressure lines have minimum pressure
rating 100psi (pneumatic) or
300psi (hydraulic)
stamped on line or verified with specifications
Valves meet the minimum pressure of
100 psi pneumatic or
300 psi hydraulic
Attachment to pressure source is secure.
Pressure is regulated to
40psi max for pneumatics and
150 psi max for hydraulics.
Pressure vessels have a stamped pressure rating
or verification by specification.
Pressure vessels have current inspection sticker
Pressure vessels can be secured on pool deck.
Company fabricated pressure accumulator test
results are provided (if used).
No hydraulic fluids are leaking.
Pneumatics utilize compressed air or inert gas

COMPANY NUMBER:

INSPECTION #1 POINTS FAILED: Items to correct:	PASSED:	30
INSPECTION #2 POINTS	PASSED:	20
FAILED: Items to correct:		
INSPECTION #3 POINTS	PASSED:	10
FAILED: Reason		
Cleared to enter the water:		
Signature of comp	etition official	

The following is an example of a control board that would NOT pass the safety inspection.



Problems include but are not limited to:

- 1. Does not have a single fuse to the power supply
- 2. Wires are loose. No method for securing wires leaving the control board.
- 3. Clip leads for attaching to power supply.
- 4. Electrical terminals are exposed on the fuse block and H-Bridges.

Any of the above items would cause this controller to fail safety inspection.

Corrections needed.

- 1. One power cord going from power supply to control box with inline fuse.
- 2. Power cord is physically attached to the control box to provide adequate strain relief.
- 3. Power cord has proper banana lead terminations (RANGER) or eye terminal (EXPLORER).
- 4. All electronics installed into a control box to shield the exposed electrical from inadvertent contact.
- 5. All wires leaving/entering the control box go through a connector to provide termination and strain relief.

COMPANY NAME:	COMPANY NUMBER:

2015 MATE ROV COMPETITION SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY IN THE ARCTIC

EXPLORER & RANGER LASER SAFETY CHECKLIST

Companies must bring this check list attached to the main safety checklist to the Safety Inspection.

1.0 Do	1.0 Documentation				
	Laser specification sheet				
	Electrical schematics showing laser driver				
2.0 Physical					
	Lasers have an on/off switch on the surface				
	controller				
	Laser powered through the MATE surface				
	power supply				
	No batteries in the ROV powering the laser.				
	Visible Laser in				
	630-680 nm (red) or				
	near 532 nm (green)				
	Class I, Class II, or Class IIIa Category				
	Red Laser: 5mW or less				
	Green Laser: 1.5 mW or less				
	Laser voltage at or below laser rated voltage				
	Explorer Class: Notification sheet showing				
	Laser specifications sent to MATE Center 2				
	weeks prior to their qualification event				
	Presence of Laser shield or beam stop				
	attachment within 30 cm of laser when out of				
	water				
	Shield is painted flat black				
	Laser is not focused or deviates from collimated				
	beam				
	Team has laser safety glasses for all members at				
	safety inspection				

LASER Safety Inspection Result
LASER Safety Inspection Result
If failed, note failed items on the main safety sheet and deduct points as necessary.
LASER Inspection Passed
Signature of competition official
PASSED STAMP: