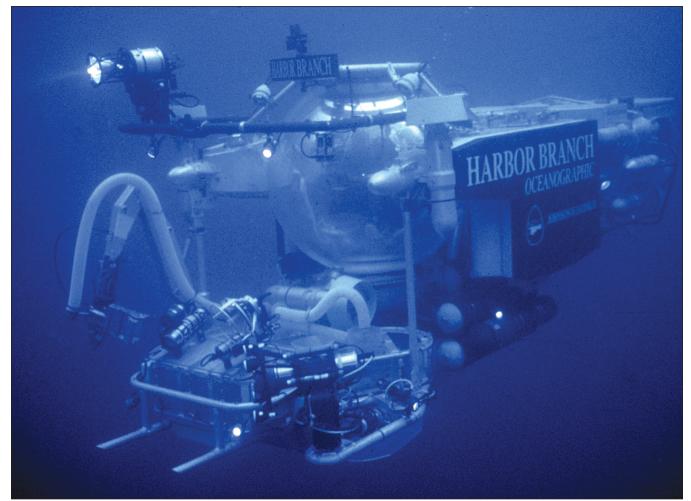
# Chapter 10



## Hydraulics and Payloads

### Chapter 10: Hydraulics and Payloads

#### Stories From Real Life: Lethbridge's Diving Barrel

#### **Chapter Outline**

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Hydraulic Mechanisms
  - 2.1. How Hydraulic Systems Work
  - 2.2. Force Amplification
  - 2.3. Hydraulic Versus Electrical Power Delivery
  - 2.4. How to Build Your Own Hydraulic System
  - 2.5. The Pneumatic System Option

#### 3. Manipulators

- 3.1. Components of a Manipulator System
- 3.2. Home-Built Manipulators—A Case Study
- 4. Underwater Tasks and Tools
  - 4.1. Tow Sleds
  - 4.2. Tools

#### 5. Considerations When Designing Payloads

- 5.1. Mass, Buoyancy, and Stability
- 5.2. Lifting
- 5.3. Reaction Forces
- 5.4. System Interference
- 6. Examples of Payload Options for Simple ROVs
  - 6.1. Gripper Variations
- 7. Chapter Summary

#### **Chapter Learning Outcomes**

- Describe what a payload is and why it's important for an underwater robotic vehicle. Why are multiple and/or interchangeable payloads particularly useful?
- Explain the basic components of a standard hydraulic system and how these systems can be used to transfer force, motion, and power from a prime mover to an actuator.
- Contrast a single-function manipulator with a more complex multi-function version.
- Describe options for building a single- or double-function manipulator for a simple ROV like *SeaMATE*.
- Describe different types of payload tools carried by various commercial underwater robotic vehicles.

#### Figure 10.1.cover: Johnson-Sea-Link

Sporting a full array of sophisticated instruments, cameras, and payload tools, the Johnson-Sea-Link submersible descends on another mission for science.

Image courtesy of Scott Olson, Harbor Branch Oceanographic Institution